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Safety data sheet

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name SILCOSET 158

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use Adhesive sealant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name ACC Silicones LTD

Full address Amber House Showground Road

District and Country TA6 6AJBridgwater (Somerset)

England

Tel. +44(0)1278411400 Fax +44(0)1278411444

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet sean.stoodley@acc-silicones.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to For all enquiries except Sweden: +44(0)1278411400

Sweden: Ring 112 vid inträffade förgiftningstillbud och begär giftinformation -

dygnet runt.

Ring 010-456-6700 i mindre brådskande fall - dygnet runt. Allmänna och

förebyggande frågor om

akuta förgiftningar besvaras vardagar kl 9-17.

SECTION 2. Hazards identification.

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture.

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of EC Regulation 1907/2006 and subsequent amendments.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Eye irritation, category 2 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Skin irritation, category 2 H315 Causes skin irritation.

2.2. Label elements.

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statements:

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash . . . thoroughly after handling.



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification. .../>>

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: wash with plenty of water / . . .

P332+P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice / attention.

2.3. Other hazards.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients.

3.1. Substances.

Information not relevant.

3.2. Mixtures.

Contains:

Identification. Conc. %. Classification 1272/2008 (CLP).

AMORPHOUS SILICATE HYDRATE

CAS. 7631-86-9 10 - 30 Substance with a community workplace exposure limit.

EC. 231-545-4

INDEX.

Reg. no. 01-2119379499-16-0134

METHYLSILANETRIYL-TRIACETATE

CAS. 4253-34-3 1 - 3 Skin Corr. 1B H314, EUH014

EC. 224-221-9

INDEX.

Reg. no. 21-2119987097-22

ACETIC ACID

CAS. 64-19-7 0 - 0.1 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Skin Corr. 1A H314, Note B

EC. 200-580-7 INDEX. 607-002-00-6 Reg. no. 01-2119475328-30

Note: Upper limit is not included into the range.

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures.

4.1. Description of first aid measures.

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 30-60 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention.

INGESTION: Have the subject drink as much water as possible. Get medical advice/attention. Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor.

INHALATION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Take suitable precautions for rescue workers.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

For symptoms and effects caused by the contained substances, see chap. 11.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

Information not available.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures.

5.1. Extinguishing media.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

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SECTION 5. Firefighting measures. />>

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture.

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures.

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

6.2. Environmental precautions.

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Check incompatibility for container material in section 7. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections.

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage.

7.1. Precautions for safe handling.

Ensure that there is an adequate earthing system for the equipment and personnel. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Do not breathe powders, vapours or mists. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Wash hands after use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store only in the original container. Store in a ventilated and dry place, far away from sources of ignition. Keep containers well sealed. Keep the product in clearly labelled containers. Avoid overheating. Avoid violent blows. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s).

Information not available.

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

8.1. Control parameters.

Regulatory References:

| CZE | Česká Republika | Nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb. kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci |
|-----|-----------------|--|
| DEU | Deutschland | MAK-und BAT-Werte-Liste 2012 |
| DNK | Danmark | Graensevaerdier per stoffer og materialer |
| ESP | España | INSHT - Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2015 |
| FIN | Suomi | HTP-arvot 2012. Haitallisiksi tunnetut pitoisuudet - Sosiaali- ja terveysministeriön julkaisuja 2012:5 |
| FRA | France | JORF n°0109 du 10 mai 2012 page 8773 texte n° 102 |
| GBR | United Kingdom | EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits |
| HUN | Magyarország | 50/2011. (XII. 22.) NGM rendelet a munkahelyek kémiai biztonságáról |
| NLD | Nederland | Databank of the social and Economic Concil of Netherlands (SER) Values, AF 2011:18 |
| NOR | Norge | Veiledning om Administrative normer for forurensning i arbeidsatmosfære |
| POL | Polska | ROZPORZĄDZENIE MINISTRA PRACY I POLITYKI SPOŁECZNEJ z dnia 16 grudnia 2011r |
| SVK | Slovensko | NARIADENIE VLÁDY Slovenskej republiky z 20. júna 2007 |
| | | |



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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

SWE Sverige Occupational Exposure Limit Values, AF 2011:18

EU OEL EU Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive 2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2014

| | | | | AMORPHOUS S | SILICATE HY | DRATE | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|------------|------------------|
| Threshold Lin | nit Value. | | | | | | | | |
| Туре | Count | ry TWA/8 | 3h | STEL/1 | 5min | | | | |
| | | mg/m3 | 3 ppm | mg/m3 | ppm | | | | |
| AGW | DEU | 4 | | | | | INHAL. | | |
| MAK | DEU | 4 | | | | | INHAL. | | |
| WEL | GBR | 6 | | | | | INHAL. | | |
| WEL | GBR | 2.4 | | | | | RESP. | | |
| OEL | EU | 6 | | | | | INHAL. | | |
| OEL | EU | 2.4 | | | | | RESP. | | |
| Health - Derive | ed no-effect | level - DNE | L / DMEL | | | | | | |
| | | Effects on co | nsumers. | | | Effects on w | orkers | | |
| Route of ex | • | | Acute systemic | Chronic local | Chronic systemic | Acute local | Acute systemic | Chroni | Chronic systemic |
| | | | | | | | | c local | |
| Inhalation. | | | | | | 4 mg/m3 | VND | 4 mg/m3 | VND |

| | | N | IETHYLSILAN | ETRIYL-TRIAC | ETATE | | | |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|----------|---------|----------|
| redicted no-effect cor | ncentration | - PNEC. | | | | | | |
| Normal value in fresh | n water | | | | | 1 | mg/l | |
| Normal value in mari | ne water | | | | | 0.1 | mg/l | |
| Normal value for free | sh water sec | liment | | | | 3.4 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for ma | rine water s | ediment | | | | 0.34 | mg/kg | |
| Normal value for wat | er, intermitt | ent release | | | | 10 | mg/l | |
| Normal value of STP | microorgar | nisms | | | | 10 | mg/l | |
| Normal value for the | terrestrial c | ompartment | | | | 0.145 | mg/kg | |
| ealth - Derived no-eff | ect level - [| ONEL / DMEL | | | | | | |
| | Effects o | n consumers. | | | Effects on w | orkers | | |
| Route of exposure | Acute | Acute | Chronic | Chronic | Acute local | Acute | | Chronic |
| | local | systemic | local | systemic | | systemic | Chroni | systemic |
| | | | | | | | c local | |
| Oral. | | | VND | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | mg/kg bw/d | | | | |
| Inhalation. | | | 5.1 | 6.3 | | | 31 | 25 |
| | | | mg/m3 | mg/m3 | | | mg/kg | mg/m3 |
| Skin. | | | VND | 7.2 | | | VND | 14.5 |
| | | | | mg/kg/d | | | | mg/kg |
| | | | | | | | | bw/d |

| | | | | ACE1 | TIC ACID |
|-------------------|---------|--------|-----|---------|----------|
| Threshold Limit \ | /alue. | | | | |
| Туре | Country | TWA/8h | | STEL/15 | min |
| | | mg/m3 | ppm | mg/m3 | ppm |
| TLV | CZE | 25 | | 35 | |
| AGW | DEU | 25 | 10 | 50 | 20 |
| MAK | DEU | 25 | 10 | 50 | 20 |
| TLV | DNK | 25 | 10 | | |
| VLA | ESP | 25 | 10 | 37 | 15 |
| HTP | FIN | 13 | 5 | 25 | 10 |
| VLEP | FRA | | | 25 | 10 |
| AK | HUN | 25 | | 25 | |
| MAC | NLD | | 10 | | |
| TLV | NOR | 25 | 10 | | |
| NDS | POL | 15 | | 30 | |
| NPHV | SVK | 25 | 10 | | |
| MAK | SWE | 13 | 5 | 25 | 10 |
| OEL | EU | 25 | 10 | | |
| TLV-ACGIH | | 25 | 10 | 37 | 15 |

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified.

8.2. Exposure controls.

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Directive 89/686/EEC and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS.

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Not available

Not available.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties.

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance paste Colour black Odour pungent Odour threshold. Not available. Not available. рΗ Melting point / freezing point. Not available. Initial boiling point. Not available. Not available. Boiling range. Flash point. 150 °C. **Evaporation Rate** Not available. Flammability of solids and gases Not available. Lower inflammability limit. Not available Not available. Upper inflammability limit. Lower explosive limit. Not available. Upper explosive limit. Not available. Vapour pressure. Not available. Not available Vapour density Relative density. Not available. immiscible with water Solubility Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Auto-ignition temperature. 400 Not available. Decomposition temperature. Viscosity Not available.

Oxidising properties **9.2. Other information.**

Explosive properties

Information not available.



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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity.

10.1. Reactivity.

Information not available.

10.2. Chemical stability.

Information not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product may react violently with water.

ACETIC ACID: risk of explosion on contact with: chromium (IV) oxide, potassium permanganate, sodium peroxide, perchloric acid, phosphorus chloride, hydrogen peroxide. Can react dangerously with: alcohols, bromine pentafluoride, chlorosulphuric acid, dichromate-sulphuric acid, ethane diamine, ethylene glycol, potassium hydroxide, strong bases, sodium hydroxide, strong oxidising agent, nitric acid, ammonium nitrate, potassium tert-butoxide, oleum. Forms explosive mixtures with air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid.

Avoid overheating. Prevent moisture or water from penetrating inside the containers.

ACETIC ACID: avoid exposure to sources of heat and naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials.

ACETIC ACID: carbonates, hydroxides, many oxides and phosphates. Oxidising substances and bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products.

Information not available.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information.

Oral LD50 (Rat) >5000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 (Rabbit) >2000 mg/kg.

11.1. Information on toxicological effects.

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

Acute effects: stinging eyes. Symptoms may include: rubescence, edema, pain and lachrymation. Ingestion may cause health problems, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

Acute effects: contact with skin may cause: irritation, erythema, edema, dryness and chapped skin. Ingestion may cause health disorders, including stomach pain and sting, nausea and sickness.

AMORPHOUS SILICATE HYDRATE

 LD50 (Oral).
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 > 2000 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 > 2.2 mg/l/1h Rat

ACETIC ACID

 LD50 (Oral).
 3310 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal).
 1060 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation).
 11.4 mg/l/4h Rat

SECTION 12. Ecological information.

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity.

Information not available.

12.2. Persistence and degradability.

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SECTION 12. Ecological information. / >>

AMORPHOUS SILICATE HYDRATE

Solubility in water. mg/l 0,1 - 100

Biodegradability: Information not available.

ACETIC ACID

Solubility in water. > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential.

AMORPHOUS SILICATE HYDRATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. 0.53

ACETIC ACID

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water. -0.17

12.4. Mobility in soil.

ACETIC ACID

Partition coefficient: soil/water. 1.153

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

12.6. Other adverse effects.

Information not available.

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations.

13.1. Waste treatment methods.

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information.

14.1. UN number.

Not applicable.

14.2. UN proper shipping name.

Not applicable.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es).

Not applicable.

14.4. Packing group.

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards.

Not applicable.

14.6. Special precautions for user.

Not applicable.

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code.

Information not relevant.



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SECTION 15. Regulatory information.

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture.

Seveso category.

None.

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006.

Product. Point.

3

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH).

None

Substances subject to authorisarion (Annex XIV REACH).

None.

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls.

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

German regulation on the classification of substances hazardous to water (VwVwS 2005).

WGK 1: Low hazard to waters

15.2. Chemical safety assessment.

No chemical safety assessment has been processed for the mixture and the substances it contains.

SECTION 16. Other information.

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 3
Skin Corr. 1A
Skin Corr. 1B
Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye Irrit. 2
Skin Irrit. 2
Skin Irrit. 2
H226
Flammable liquid, category 1A
Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eye irritation, category 2
Skin irritation, category 2
Flammable liquid and vapour.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
EUH014 Reacts violently with water.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP

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SECTION 16. Other information. />>

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- LD50: Lethal dose 50%

- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level

- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%

- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation

- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration

- PEL: Predicted exposure level

- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration

- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006

- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train

- TLV: Threshold Limit Value

- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.

- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit

- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit

- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds

- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation

- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EU) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EU) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- ECHA website

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

14.

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